MEDICAID DIRECTED PAYMENT PROGRAM & PROVIDER ASSESSMENT

DATA ESTIMATES AS OF 4/18/24



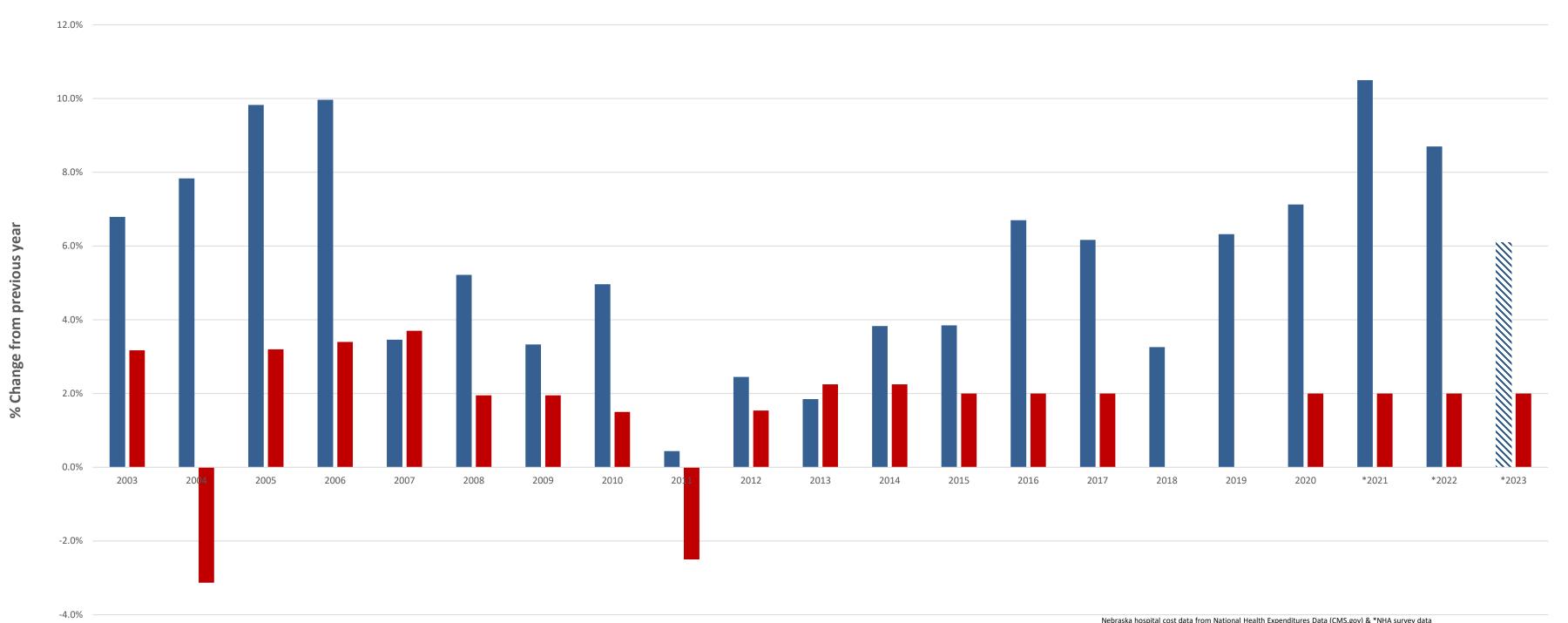
POLICY LANDSCAPE

- Medicaid reimbursements are not keeping up with the cost of care.
- Nearly \$1B in losses from public programs.
- 55% of Nebraska hospitals ran a negative operating margin in the last quarter.
- State projected to run a \$130M deficit in FY 26-27.
- Establish a partnership with state to pursue maximum allowable federal reimbursement for Medicaid.



MEDICAID PROVIDER RATE HISTORY

Nebraska Hospital Costs v. Medicaid Reimbursement



■ Nebraska Hospital Costs (2003-2023 average 5.65%)

■ Nebraska Medicaid Reimbursement (2003-2023 average 1.56%)



RATE INCREASE THROUGH A PROVIDER ASSESSMENT & DIRECTED PAYMENT PROGRAM

- 44 states have a hospital assessment (tax) supporting rates.
- 68.68% blended FMAP. \$1 invested by provider assessment is matched about \$2.19 by Federal government.
- In 2016, CMS authorized Directed Payments through MCOs and allowed up to average commercial rates.



KEY PRINCIPLES

CMS

- No hold harmless on assessments paid.
- Assessment must be uniform and broad-based or meet statistical limitations.
- Must be tied to state's Medicaid quality strategy and likely will have some at-risk quality component.

NHA

- Better statewide access to care for Medicaid population.
- Minimize, and hopefully eliminate, net contributors.
- New Federal funds would supplement, not supplant, state funds.
- Assessment funds not used for other purposes.
- Legislative trigger to eliminate assessment if Federal funds goes away.



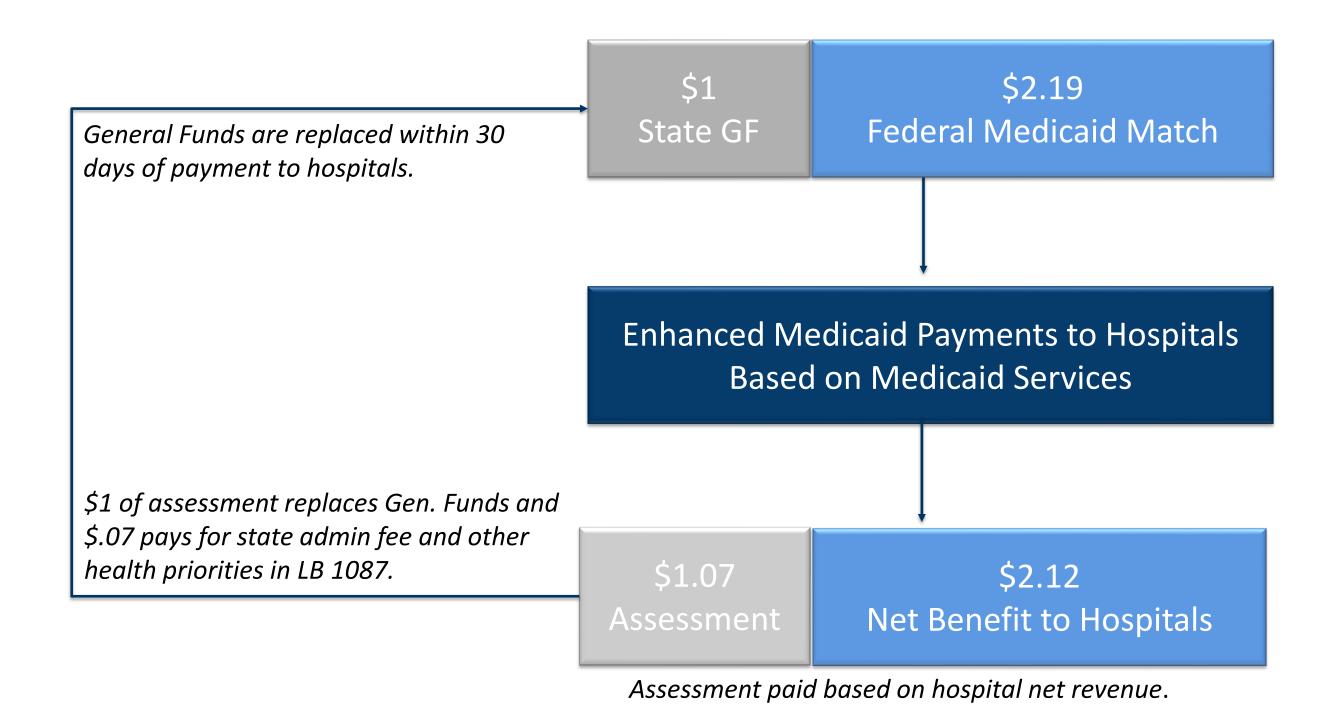
HOSPITAL QUALITY ASSURANCE AND ACCESS ASSESSMENT ACT

- Directs DHHS to establish a Directed Payment Program for inpatient and outpatient services and gives them authority to establish an assessment.
- Maintain language that keeps base Medicaid rates and total funding at FY24 level.
- State receives 3% of assessment amount for administrative fees, 3.5% for non-hospital
 Medicaid rates or state HIE, and 0.5% for expansion of clinical nurse training sites.
- Nebraska hospitals will invest \$50M per year in health care workforce development.
- DHHS will partner with Nebraska hospitals to implement initiatives to improve children's mental health, adult mental health, maternity care, and senior care.
- NHA approved quality measures.



MEDICAID DIRECTED PAYMENT FLOW

PAYMENTS MADE QUARTERLY





DIRECTED PAYMENT OPPORTUNITY

		Inpatient	Outpatient	Total
A	Est. 95% ACR	\$803 Million	\$1,235 Million	\$2,038 Million
В	Current Payments	\$287 Million	\$349 Million	\$636 Million
C = A - B	Opportunity	\$516 Million	\$886 Million	\$1,402 Million
D	Est. FMAP			68.68%
E = (1 - D) * C	Assessment Financing Needed			\$440 Million

	4/2024 Modeled Impacts w/ State & NHA Admin
New State Directed Payments	\$1,402 Million
Hospital Assessment, including admin	-\$479 Million
Loss of DSH	-\$40 Million
Net Impact	\$883 Million
Net Contributors	2
Net Losses	-\$1.6 Million
Net Contributors, net of systems	1
Net Losses	\$259k

HEALTH MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATES

ASSESSMENT RATE DETERMINATIONS

- HMA evaluated 12 different combinations of inpatient and outpatient assessments
 - Inpatient included days, discharges, and revenue
 - Outpatient included revenue
 - All bases with and without Medicare
- Sensitivity testing indicated that best assessment approach:
 - Inpatient based on <u>Net Inpatient Revenue</u>
 - Outpatient based on <u>Net Outpatient Revenue</u>



NHA BOARD-APPROVED ASSESSMENT RATES

Assessment on net inpatient and outpatient revenue (FY 22).

	IP Assessment Rate	OP Assessment Rate
Full Rate	6.44%	7.12%
САН	5.80%	6.23%
CAH w/ <\$5M OP	0.00%	1.78%
Childrens	1.29%	1.78%
Specialty	1.61%	3.56%
*LTAC	1.61%	3.56%
REH	0.00%	1.78%

- Each hospital assessment will be initially set for 6 months, then aligned to the MCO plan years for 12-month periods going forward.
- Assessment portions will not change during these 18 months, but rates could fluctuate up or down as FMAP changes.



QUARTERLY PAYMENT CALCULATIONS

- Estimated payment increases, includes MCO payments and settlements:
 - Inpatient = 177.65%
 - Outpatient = 278.86%
- Final payment percentages will be determined by Medicaid utilization.
- Federal approval of Directed Payment amount \$1.402B (\$516M IP + \$886 OP)
 - \$129M IP + \$221.5M OP = \$350.5M per quarter
 - Paid proportionally to hospitals based on IP & OP utilization.
 - For quarterly payments, DHHS will use paid claims from two quarters prior.
 - Reconciliation will take place on actual services provided 6-9 months after year end.



DIRECTED PAYMENT NEXT STEPS

- Finalize model.
- DHHS will submit CMS documents.
 - Preprint (expected to take about six months):
 - Directed Payment framework needs CMS approval prior to implementation.
 - Tax waiver (expect approval within two months):
 - Authority to utilize a non-uniform tax.
 - Preprint contingent on financing approval.
 - Retroactive to July 1, 2024.



DIRECTED PAYMENT NEXT STEPS

- Implementation date will depend on CMS response time.
 - While materials are pending at CMS, NHA and HMA will work with DHHS and members to map out implementation details.

- Other: CMS Medicaid Managed Care Rule.
 - Expect final rule at the end of April.
 - Will have long term implications on directed payments.







Quality Components of Medicaid Directed Payment Program



Measures Selection:

Behavioral Health

Aging and Chronic Care

Maternal Safety

Patient Safety

- At least 1 measure -- per defined buckets
- Focus for a 3-year period.
- Measures will be retired after 3 years, unless work needs to be extended based on performance.
- Measures can be retired prior to 3 years if goals are met and sustained.
- New measures will be added over time to continue to drive high-quality care and improve patient outcomes.



Measure Selection and Data Analysis:

- Created an Advisory Council with diverse representation.
- The council worked together to determine metrics that were valuable and cross-cutting.
- The team will continue to meet throughout the project to analyze performance and determine measures updates and changes.
- Data will be submitted and analyzed quarterly by NHA Quality Team and the Advisory Council.
- Statewide data will be submitted to CMS annually.



Measure List:

Self-Reported Metrics:

- Social Determinants of Health Screening (SDoH)
- Post-Partum Maternal Depression / Anxiety Screening
- CAUTI

NHA Reported Data:

- Use of ED for Behavioral Health as a Primary Diagnosis
- Unique organizations that are engaged with Age-Friendly Health Systems

LB1087 IMPLENTATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- Medicaid Innovation and Rate Stabilization (MIRS) Task Force will conclude work at the end of May.
- New LB 1087 Implementation Advisory Committee
 - 15 members CEOs or CFOs
 - 10 elected by District CEOs (2 per district). Election by email in early May.
 - Board Chair will appoint one additional member per district to ensure balanced representation and will select Co-Chairs.
 - Advise NHA Board, NHA staff, and DHHS on implementation issues, including implementation
 agreements between hospitals, NHA, and DHHS as well as future model development.
 - 1 year approval with option for renewal by NHA Board.
- NHA Medicaid Quality Advisory Council will remain in place.



MEDICAID DIRECTED PAYMENT IMPLENTATION BUDGET

- Governor/DHHS is expecting NHA to do the heavy lifting.
- Initial drafting by NHA senior staff. Three components:
 - Financial & General Administration
 - Quality Improvement Programming
 - Policy & Member Engagement
- Board will review and give approval for budget framework and specifics components of the budget at the June meeting.
 - Financial administration staff will need to be hired this summer.
- Final annual administrative budget will be reviewed and approved by the Board at the October meeting.
- NHA will have a TPA agreement with member hospitals.



KEY MEETINGS

- Medicaid Directed Payment Quality Overview on April 30th.
- NHA August In-Person District Meetings.
 - District I August 12
 - District II August 19
 - District III August 27
 - District IV August 28
 - District V August 23

